



UPDATE

December 15, 2015

- I. [Science and Service News Updates](#)
- II. [Resources: Publications, Toolkits, Other Resources](#)
- III. [Calendar of Events](#)
- IV. [Calls for Public Input](#)
- V. [Funding Information](#)

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*Prepared by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services,
National Institutes of Health, National Institute of Mental Health,
Office of Constituency Relations and Public Liaison*

BIOMARKERS OUTPERFORM SYMPTOMS IN PARSING PSYCHOSIS SUBGROUPS; MULTIPLE BIOLOGICAL PATHWAYS LEAD TO SIMILAR SYMPTOMS – NIH-FUNDED STUDY

Three biomarker-based categories, called biotypes, outperformed traditional diagnoses, such as schizophrenia and bipolar disorder with psychosis, in sorting psychosis cases into distinct subgroups on the basis of brain biology, report researchers funded by the National Institutes of Health (NIH). A hallmark of severe mental illness, psychosis is marked by hallucinations and delusions, or false, irrational beliefs.

Press Release: <http://www.nimh.nih.gov/news/science-news/2015/biomarkers-outperform-symptoms-in-parsing-psychosis-subgroups.shtml>

DRUG USE TRENDS REMAIN STABLE OR DECLINE AMONG TEENS; NIH'S 2015 MONITORING THE FUTURE SURVEY SHOWS LONG-TERM DECLINE IN ILLICIT DRUG USE, PRESCRIPTION OPIOID ABUSE, CIGARETTE, AND ALCOHOL USE AMONG THE NATION'S YOUTH

The 2015 Monitoring the Future survey (MTF) shows decreasing use of a number of substances, including cigarettes, alcohol, prescription opioid pain relievers, and synthetic cannabinoids (“synthetic marijuana”). Other drug use remains stable, including marijuana, with continued high rates of daily use reported among 12th graders, and ongoing declines in perception of its harms. The MTF survey measures drug use and attitudes among eighth, 10th, and 12th graders, and is funded by the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA).

Press Release: <https://www.drugabuse.gov/news-events/news-releases/2015/12/drug-use-trends-remain-stable-or-decline-among-teens>

NIH UNVEILS FY2016–2020 STRATEGIC PLAN; DETAILED PLAN SETS COURSE FOR ADVANCING SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERIES AND HUMAN HEALTH.

NIH released the *NIH-Wide Strategic Plan, Fiscal Years 2016–2020: Turning Discovery Into Health*, which will ensure the agency remains well positioned to capitalize on new opportunities for scientific exploration and address new challenges for human health. Developed after hearing from hundreds of stakeholders and scientific advisers, and in collaboration with leadership and staff of NIH's Institutes, Centers, and Offices (ICOs), the plan is designed to complement the ICOs' individual strategic plans that are aligned with their congressionally-mandated missions.

Press Release: <http://www.nih.gov/news-events/news-releases/nih-unveils-fy2016-2020-strategic-plan>

POVERTY MAY SLIGHTLY INCREASE CHILDHOOD RISK OF NEUROLOGICAL IMPAIRMENT, NIH STUDY SUGGESTS

Children from low income environments appear to have a higher risk of neurological impairment than those from more economically secure circumstances, according to researchers at the NIH and other institutions. This neurological impairment appears to be distinct from the risk of cognitive and emotional delays known to accompany early-life poverty. In most cases, the level of neurological impairment the researchers found would not be apparent to a casual observer. That level could, however, increase the risk for childhood learning difficulties, attention deficit disorders, and psychological conditions such as anxiety disorders and schizophrenia. The researchers analyzed data from the Collaborative Perinatal Project, funded by NIH's National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke. The current study was funded by the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development and National Institute of Mental Health.

Press Release: <http://www.nih.gov/news-events/news-releases/poverty-may-slightly-increase-childhood-risk-neurological-impairment-nih-study-suggests>

AHRQ ANNOUNCES GRANT OPPORTUNITIES TO ADDRESS OPIOID ABUSE DISORDER IN RURAL AREAS

In support of growing Federal efforts to reduce the abuse of opioid drugs, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) announced a call for research to expand access to evidence-based treatment for opioid abuse disorders in rural areas. AHRQ is making available up to \$12 million to fund as many as four research demonstration projects to support implementation of medication-assisted treatment (MAT) for opioid use disorder in rural primary care practices. MAT is an evidence-based approach that uses FDA-approved medications combined with psychosocial treatments.

Press Release: <http://www.ahrq.gov/news/newsroom/press-releases/2015/opioid-abuse.html>

NIDA AND NIAAA RELEASE NEW RESOURCES FOR NATIONAL DRUG AND ALCOHOL FACTS WEEK

NIDA and the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA) are pleased to unveil new online toolkits designed for National Drug and Alcohol Facts Week event holders interested in focusing on specific drugs. National Drug and Alcohol Facts Week is an annual, week-long observance that brings together teens and scientific experts to shatter persistent myths about substance use and addiction. The new toolkits provide event holders with resources to tailor activities to the specific drugs that most affect their communities. Additionally, a general toolkit in Spanish is now available. This year's observance will be held January 25-31, 2016.

Press Release: <https://www.drugabuse.gov/news-events/news-releases/2015/12/nida-niaaa-release-new-resources-national-drug-alcohol-facts-week>

DROP IN DRINKING AND DRIVING AMONG YOUTH AND YOUNG ADULTS OVER PAST 12 YEARS

An article in a recent Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR), indicates that the prevalence of drinking and driving among persons aged 16 to 20 declined 59 percent from 2002 to 2014. The report, based on data from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration's (SAMHSA) National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH) shows self-report drinking and driving patterns among people in this age group dropped from 16.2 percent in 2002 to 6.6 percent in 2014. There was a 38 percent decrease in drinking and driving among those aged 21 to 25 during this period – from 29.1 percent in 2002 to 18.1 percent in 2014.

Press Release: <http://www.samhsa.gov/newsroom/press-announcements/201512100900>

REPORT SHOWS ADOLESCENTS' MARIJUANA USE LARGELY UNCHANGED; MARIJUANA USE AMONG THOSE AGED 12-17 REMAINS AT 7.2 PERCENT, THOUGH THREE STATES SAW DECLINES

A SAMHSA report indicates the prevalence of adolescent marijuana use in the United States (U.S.) has remained largely unchanged in 2013 and 2014, although Hawaii, Ohio, and Rhode Island saw decreases. According to SAMHSA's NSDUH, the estimated national rate of marijuana use by persons aged 12 to 17 years old held at 7.2 percent in the previous month. The previous survey, covering 2012 and 2013, also showed that 7.2 percent of adolescents had used marijuana in the previous month. The data also show that as states continue efforts to reduce marijuana use among adolescents, they are faced with changing perceptions of the risk associated with the drug. In 2013 and 2014 only 23 percent of youth ages 12 to 17 years old perceived monthly marijuana use as posing a "great risk," versus 25 percent of youth in 2012 and 2013.

Press Release: <http://www.samhsa.gov/newsroom/press-announcements/201512171200>

NEW FROM NIMH

OUTREACH CONNECTION: HIGHLIGHTING PARTNER ACTIVITIES

The latest e-newsletter from the NIMH Outreach Partnership Program is available. It features activities of the NIMH Outreach and National Partners, including how they are educating communities about treating first-episode psychosis and findings from the Recovery After an Initial Schizophrenia Episode (RAISE) study. <http://content.govdelivery.com/accounts/USNIMH/bulletins/129f24c>

NEW FROM NIH

LECTURE: EXPLORING THE GUT MICROBIOME'S CONNECTION TO HUMAN BEHAVIOR

An archived videocast and summary are available of the presentation, "Towards Psychobiotics: The Microbiome as a Key Regulator of Brain and Behavior," a lecture in the National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health's Integrative Medicine Research Lecture Series. The presenter, John F. Cryan, Ph.D., Professor and Chair of the Department of Anatomy and Neuroscience at University College Cork, is an internationally recognized scientist in the area of the interactions between gut microbes and the brain. He works closely with gastroenterologists, microbiologists, ecologists, and behavioral scientists in studying the various interactions and biological effects of the gut microbiome on human behavior. His current research interests include the neurobiological basis of stress-related disorders, depression, anxiety, and drug dependence. <https://nccih.nih.gov/research/blog/cryan-microbiome-lecture>

THE TRUTH ABOUT HOLIDAY SPIRITS: HOW TO CELEBRATE SAFELY THIS SEASON

Despite the potential dangers, myths about drinking persist that, for some, can prove fatal. Scientific studies supported by NIAAA provide important information that challenges these widespread, yet incorrect, beliefs about how quickly alcohol affects the body and how long the effects of drinking last.

http://pubs.niaaa.nih.gov/publications/RethinkHoliday/NIAAA_NYE_Fact_Sheet.htm

HIGH RATES OF DENTAL AND GUM DISEASE OCCUR AMONG METHAMPHETAMINE USERS

A new NIDA-funded study documents the high rates and unique patterns of dental decay and gum disease in people who use the illicit drug methamphetamine. The large study of 571 methamphetamine users found that 96 percent had experienced dental cavities and 58 percent had untreated tooth decay. Only 23 percent retained all of their natural teeth, compared to a tooth retention rate of 48 percent among the U.S. general population. <https://www.drugabuse.gov/news-events/news-releases/2015/11/high-rates-dental-gum-disease-occur-among-methamphetamine-users>

NEW FROM SAMHSA

SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT: ADDRESSING THE SPECIFIC NEEDS OF WOMEN

This resource assists treatment providers in offering treatment to adult women with substance use disorders. It reviews gender-specific research and best practices such as common patterns of initiation of substance use among women and specific treatment issues and strategies.

<http://store.samhsa.gov/product/SMA15-4426>

UPDATED WEB RESOURCE: WORKING WITH REFUGEE CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

New resources are now available on supporting refugee children and families. This National Child Traumatic Stress Network updated website provides the most current information about refugee youth experiences and needs; guidance for providers from various service systems on the healthy adjustment of refugee youth; and access to tools, trainings, and resources related to refugees. <http://www.nctsn.org/trauma-types/refugee-trauma>

DIALOGUE: LESSONS LEARNED FROM THE EBOLA RESPONSE

This issue of The Dialogue from SAMHSA's Disaster Technical Assistance Center provides a look inside responses to Ebola, in Liberia, and in the U.S. <http://www.samhsa.gov/dtac/resources/dialogue>

PREVENTING HEROIN USE: FACTS, FACTORS, AND STRATEGIES

This new resource describes recent trends in and factors associated with heroin use, including the non-medical use of prescription opioids. To facilitate prevention planning at the state and local levels, the brief also includes information on data sources for heroin-related indicators and strategies that show promise in reducing rates of heroin use and overdose. <http://www.samhsa.gov/capt/tools-learning-resources/issues-brief-preventing-heroin-use-facts-factors-strategies>

COMBINATIONS OF TYPES OF MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES RECEIVED IN THE PAST YEAR AMONG YOUNG ADULTS

According to SAMHSA's 2014 NSDUH data, 11.9 percent of young adults aged 18 to 25 received mental health services in the past year. This represents an annual average of 4.1 million young adults—with 3.1 million young adults receiving prescription medication, 2.2 million receiving outpatient services, and 418,000 receiving inpatient services.

http://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/report_1974/Spotlight-1974.html

NEW FROM CDC

PINTEREST: POSITIVE PARENTING

CDC has launched a Pinterest board, Positive Parenting, to help parents interact with two- to four-year-olds and get answers to common challenges. Pins give expert advice for moms, dads, and caregivers to build a happy and healthy relationship with kids. Users can access free articles, practice skills, and download charts. <https://www.pinterest.com/cdcgov/cdc-positive-parenting/>

COPING WITH STRESS

This online resource provides tips for managing stress. <http://www.cdc.gov/features/copingwithstress/>

MORTALITY IN THE UNITED STATES, 2014

This report presents 2014 U.S. final mortality data on deaths and death rates by demographic and medical characteristics. These data provide information on mortality patterns among U.S. residents by such variables as sex, race and ethnicity, and cause of death. Information on mortality patterns is key to understanding changes in the health and well-being of the U.S. population. Life expectancy estimates, age-adjusted death rates by race and ethnicity and sex, the 10 leading causes of death, and the 10 leading causes of infant death were analyzed by comparing 2014 final data with 2013 final data. <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/databriefs/db229.htm>

NEW FROM AHRQ

NON-PHARMACOLOGICAL VERSUS PHARMACOLOGICAL TREATMENTS FOR ADULT PATIENTS WITH MAJOR DEPRESSIVE DISORDER

Second-generation antidepressants and cognitive behavioral therapy can alleviate symptoms for mild to severe major depressive disorder when used as a first step in outpatient treatment, according to a new AHRQ-supported systematic review. The review looked at the benefits and harms of second-generation antidepressants, psychological therapies, complementary and alternative medicine, and exercise treatment options as first-step outpatient treatments for adults with major depressive disorder. The review also assessed second-step interventions for patients with major depressive disorder whose illness did not go into remission after it was first treated with second-generation antidepressants. <http://www.effectivehealthcare.ahrq.gov/search-for-guides-reviews-and-reports/?pageaction=displayproduct&productID=2155>

MANAGEMENT AND OUTCOMES OF BINGE EATING DISORDER

This review addresses the efficacy and effectiveness of interventions for binge eating disorder (BED), for post-bariatric surgery patients with loss of control (LOC) eating, and for children with LOC eating. Studies of BED therapies include pharmacological interventions, psychological and behavioral interventions, or combinations of approaches. The review also attempted to examine whether treatment effectiveness differed in subgroups based on sex, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, body mass index, duration of illness, or coexisting conditions. <http://www.effectivehealthcare.ahrq.gov/search-for-guides-reviews-and-reports/?pageaction=displayproduct&productID=2157>

NEW FROM HHS

BLOG POST: RATES OF DRUG OVERDOSE DEATHS CONTINUE TO RISE; MORE ACTION NEEDED TO REVERSE TROUBLING TRENDS

This U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) blog post highlights the complex challenge related to combating opioid abuse and curbing related deaths. New CDC data show the overall number and rate of drug overdose deaths increased notably between 2013 and 2014, driven in large part by continued increases in heroin deaths and an emerging increase in deaths involving illicit synthetic opioids. These new data reaffirm that the U.S. has not seen the peak of the opioid abuse and overdose epidemic, and highlights the need for continued action to prevent opioid misuse and dependence to save lives. In addition, drug overdose death rates have never been higher.

<http://www.hhs.gov/blog/2015/12/10/rates-of-drug-overdose-deaths-continue-to-rise.html>

BLOG POST: BULLYING PERFORMANCE MEASURE SELECTED BY 17 STATES AND JURISDICTIONS IN MCH BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM

This blog post describes the work of the Health Resources and Services Administration's (HRSA) Maternal and Child Health Bureau to establish bullying prevalence as one of 15 new National Performance Measures for the Title V Maternal and Child Health (MCH) Block Grant Program. The MCH Block Grant Program provides funds to 59 states and jurisdictions to address the health service needs of mothers, infants, children, adolescents, and families. Through this program, each state and jurisdiction supports and promotes the development and coordination of quality care systems for the MCH population that are family-centered, community-based, and culturally appropriate. In September of this year, states and jurisdictions selected eight National Performance Measures on which to focus, and 17 states and jurisdictions selected the bullying performance measure.

<http://www.stopbullying.gov/blog/2015/12/09/bullying-performance-measure-selected-seventeen-states-and-jurisdictions-mch-block-grant>

DISABILITIES AMONG PRISON AND JAIL INMATES, 2011–12

This Bureau of Justice Statistics report presents the prevalence of disabilities among prison and jail inmates, detailing the prevalence of six specific disability types: hearing, vision, cognitive, ambulatory, self-care, and independent living. Important differences in each type of disability are highlighted by demographic characteristics. The report also assesses the prevalence of disabilities with other health problems such as a current chronic condition, obesity, ever having an infectious disease, and past 30-day serious psychological distress. <http://www.bjs.gov/index.cfm?ty=pbdetail&iid=5500>

DCOE BLOG POSTS

HOW TO TELL FAMILY MEMBERS ABOUT MENTAL HEALTH CONCERNS

This Defense Centers of Excellence for Psychological Health and Traumatic Brain Injury (DCoE) blog post provides tips on how to start a conversation with family members about mental health concerns. Military members are trained to work with others to thrive and accomplish the mission. This concept works for off-duty service members too. Outside the military, family members and friends are a support system. Speaking to them about psychological health challenges and needs may alleviate frustrations and manage expectations. One way to approach the subject with them is to think about mental health as one would think about physical health and disclose any challenges in a similar way.

http://www.dcoe.mil/blog/15-11-30/How_to_Tell_Family_Members_about_Mental_Health_Concerns.aspx

YOUR ELECTRONICS MAY BE RUINING YOUR SLEEP

This blog post summarizes a recent DCoE webinar about the impact of electronics on sleep. Using electronic devices more often for longer periods of time has a negative impact on sleep, according to a recent study presented during the webinar. Sleep-wake cycles, hormone release, body temperature, and other important bodily functions are controlled by a person's circadian rhythm over a 24-hour period of time. Light exposure can disrupt sleep and affect the circadian rhythm, which is why research is looking at the how the increased use of electronics may be impacting sleep. http://www.dcoe.mil/blog/15-12-16/Your_Electronics_May_be_Ruining_Your_Sleep.aspx

EVENTS

WEBINAR: STRENGTHS-BASED SUPERVISORY SKILLS FOR INTEGRATED CARE SUCCESS

DECEMBER 22, 2015, 3:00 PM ET

During this SAMHSA-HRSA Center for Integrated Health Solutions webinar, two professionals with significant experience leading integrated care teams within safety-net primary care provider settings will share the skills needed to improve team communication, patient care, and team effectiveness. Learn strategies to help partner with a diverse team of employees to develop shared expectations, elicit needs, and enhance their autonomy. Come prepared with questions and challenges as a supervisor and join in on the discussion of what it really takes to lead an effective integrated care team.

<https://goto.webcasts.com/starthere.jsp?ei=1086371>

WEBINAR: TREATMENT OF CO-OCCURRING CHRONIC PAIN AND OPIOID USE DISORDER

JANUARY 5, 2016, 11:00AM-12:00 PM ET

Save the date for this Veterans Affairs webinar on the treatment of co-occurring chronic pain and opioid use disorder. <https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/1651357982640401922>

WEBCAST: CULTURAL NEUROSCIENCE: CLOSING THE GAP IN POPULATION MENTAL HEALTH DISPARITIES

JANUARY 8, 2016, 2:00 PM ET

Mental health disorders pose a significant global financial burden in treatment annually. A key challenge facing global mental health is to understand the etiology and treatment of mental health disparities, including the mechanisms of population disparities in mental health. Cultural neuroscience is a research field that examines the cultural, environmental, and genetic factors that shape psychological and neural processes underlying behavior. Recent advances in cultural neuroscience demonstrate the relevance of culture in modulating brain and behavior. This NIH Office of Behavioral and Social Science Research talk will provide an overview of advances in cultural neuroscience, with discussion of the implications of this research for closing the gap in population mental health disparities.

<http://events.r20.constantcontact.com/register/event?oeidk=a07ebukj7wg449b49ce&llr=vyklrptab>

NATIONAL DRUG AND ALCOHOL FACTS WEEK

JANUARY 25-31, 2016

National Drug and Alcohol Facts Week is a national health observance for teens to promote local events that use NIDA and NIAAA science to shatter the myths about drugs and alcohol. An online guide is available to help plan, promote, and host local events. <https://teens.drugabuse.gov/national-drug-facts-week>

SAMHSA'S 12TH PREVENTION DAY

FEBRUARY 1, 2016, NATIONAL HARBOR, MD

SAMHSA will convene its 12th Annual Prevention Day on Monday, February 1, 2016, in conjunction with the Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America National Leadership Forum. This one-day forum is for prevention practitioners, community leaders, researchers, and consumers in the behavioral health field to share SAMHSA's prevention priorities for the coming year and provide participants with the necessary training, technical assistance, and resources to successfully address these prevention issues.

<http://www.cadca.org/events/26th-national-leadership-forum-including-samhsas-12th-prevention-day/samhsas-12th-prevention>

MARIJUANA AND CANNABINOIDS: A NEUROSCIENCE RESEARCH SUMMIT

MARCH 22-23, 2016, BETHESDA, MD

This NIH summit will focus on the neurological and psychiatric effects of marijuana, other cannabinoids, and the endocannabinoid system. Both the adverse and the potential therapeutic effects of the cannabinoid system will be discussed. The goal of this summit is to ensure evidence-based information is available to inform practice and policy, particularly important at this time given the rapidly shifting landscape regarding the recreational and medicinal use of marijuana. <https://www.drugabuse.gov/news-events/meetings-events/2016/03/marijuana-cannabinoids-neuroscience-research-summit>

REDESIGNED NATIONAL REGISTRY OF EVIDENCE-BASED PROGRAMS ANNOUNCES OPEN SUBMISSION PERIOD

SAMHSA's National Registry of Evidence-Based Programs and Practices (NREPP) has announced that its next open submission period will take place from November 23, 2015 to January 26, 2016. NREPP has been redesigned, including changes to (1) the process for identifying new programs and practices for review, (2) the minimum requirements to be considered for NREPP review, and (3) the review process, including what materials are reviewed. http://www.nrepp.samhsa.gov/04b_reviews_open.aspx

COMMENTS SOUGHT FOR AHRQ EFFECTIVE HEALTH CARE PROGRAM REPORT

The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality's Effective Health Care Program encourages the public to participate in the development of its research projects. The Program uses these comments to help focus its research and ensure that the final comparative effectiveness reviews answer the most important questions that clinicians, patients, consumers, and policymakers have about a given treatment, test, or procedure. The Program is currently seeking comments for:

INTERVENTIONS FOR PREVENTING COGNITIVE DECLINE AND ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE (COMMENTS DUE JANUARY 4, 2016)

<http://www.effectivehealthcare.ahrq.gov/research-available-for-comment/comment-key-questions/?pageaction=displayquestions&topicid=634&questionset=280>

NIDA ISSUES CHALLENGE TO CREATE APP FOR ADDICTION RESEARCH

NIDA has issued a Challenge, "Addiction Research: There's an App for that," aimed at physicians and data scientists to develop a novel mobile application (app) for future addiction research. The Challenge requires that the app be explicitly created using Apple Inc.'s ResearchKit™, an open-source software kit designed specifically for biomedical and health research.

The goal of the NIDA Challenge is to create an app to be used by addiction researchers in future studies which will help to improve the scientific understanding of drug use and addiction. The app will: allow researchers to engage "citizen scientists", and to recruit a large and varied number of willing study participants; present informed-consent materials; and collect data frequently on a broad range of variables. NIDA encourages addiction researchers to use the newly available technical capabilities of ResearchKit™, and seek collaboration(s) with app developers and engineers to create the winning research app.

The deadline for submissions to the NIDA Challenge is April 29, 2016. Winners will be announced in August, 2016. Three monetary prizes may be awarded: \$50,000 for 1st Place; \$30,000 for 2nd Place; and \$20,000 for 3rd Place for a total prize award pool of up to \$100,000. <https://www.drugabuse.gov/news-events/news-releases/2015/11/nida-issues-challenge-to-create-app-addiction-research>

FUNDING INFORMATION

ARCHIVED HHS WEBINAR SERIES ON SUCCESSFUL GRANT PROPOSALS

The recording and slides from the recent HHS webinar series on creating successful federal grant applications is available. Designed for community-based, faith-based, and other organizations that want to learn the basics of creating successful federal grant applications, the three-part series walks through the foundations of grant writing, logic models, and federal grant opportunities.

<http://www.minorityhealth.hhs.gov/omh/content.aspx?ID=98>

NIMH: APPLIED RESEARCH TOWARD ZERO SUICIDE HEALTHCARE SYSTEMS

<http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/view-opportunity.html?oppld=280503>

CDC: CORE STATE VIOLENCE AND INJURY PREVENTION PROGRAM

<http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/view-opportunity.html?oppld=280410>

CDC: RESEARCH GRANTS FOR PREVENTING VIOLENCE AND VIOLENCE RELATED INJURY

<http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/view-opportunity.html?oppld=280263>

OVW FY 2016 RURAL SEXUAL ASSAULT, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE AND STALKING PROGRAM

<http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/view-opportunity.html?oppld=280426>

SAMHSA: TARGETED CAPACITY EXPANSION-PEER-TO-PEER

<http://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grant-announcements/ti-16-008>

NATIONAL CHILD TRAUMATIC STRESS INITIATIVE – CATEGORY III COMMUNITY TREATMENT AND SERVICES CENTERS

<http://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grant-announcements/sm-16-005>

BRAIN INITIATIVE: NON-INVASIVE NEUROMODULATION - NEW TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES FOR SPATIOTEMPORAL PRECISION

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-16-810.html>

BRAIN INITIATIVE: NON-INVASIVE NEUROMODULATION - MECHANISMS AND DOSE/RESPONSE RELATIONSHIPS FOR TARGETED CNS EFFECTS

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-16-815.html>

BRAIN INITIATIVE: NEW CONCEPTS AND EARLY - STAGE RESEARCH FOR LARGE - SCALE RECORDING AND MODULATION IN THE NERVOUS SYSTEM

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-EY-16-001.html>

CLINICAL SITES FOR THE IDEA STATES PEDIATRIC CLINICAL TRIALS NETWORK

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-OD-16-001.html>

ENVIRONMENTAL INFLUENCES ON CHILD HEALTH OUTCOMES: PATIENT REPORTED OUTCOMES RESEARCH RESOURCE CENTER CORE (ECHO PRO CORE)

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-OD-16-003.html>

ECHO PEDIATRIC COHORTS (UG3/UH3)

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-OD-16-004.html>

ECHO DATA ANALYSIS CENTER (U24)

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-OD-16-005.html>

ECHO COORDINATING CENTER (U2C)

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-OD-16-006.html>

DRUG DISCOVERY FOR NERVOUS SYSTEM DISORDERS

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-13-048.html> (R01)

<http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-13-049.html> (R21)



National Institute
of Mental Health

The **Outreach Partnership Program** is a nationwide outreach initiative of the National Institute of Mental Health (NIMH) that enlists state and national organizations in a partnership to increase the public's access to science-based mental health information through partnerships with national and state organizations. For more information about the program please visit: <http://www.nimh.nih.gov/outreach/partnership-program/index.shtml>. To subscribe to receive the Update every two weeks, go to: <http://www.nimh.nih.gov/outreach/partnership-program/news-and-updates-from-the-program.shtml>.

The information provided in the **Update** is intended for use by NIMH Outreach Partners, National Partners and their associates for the express purpose of exchanging information that may be useful in the development of state and local mental health outreach, information, education and partnership programs.